### <u>CHAPTER 1 – CHURCH: MISSIONARY BY NATURE</u>

1.	The word "Mission" originates from the Latin word and it means
2.	The word Missionary means
3.	Why do we say that proclamation of the Gospel is a command of Jesus to the Church?
4.	Jesus declared at the Synagogue in Nazareth that the Spirit of the Lord has sent him to proclaim:
5.	Illustrate that the foundation of the proclamation of the Gospel by the Church is the Holy Trinity.
6.	The power of acts to accept the Gospel when it is proclaimed among different peoples and cultures.

7.	Explain the statement that the Church is missionary by nature.
8.	Why do we say that all ministries of the Church are missionary activities?
9.	How can we participate in the missionary task of the Church?
10	). Summary of the Lesson:
	1. <u></u> is the most important responsibility that the risen Lord has entrusted to His disciples
	2. The first missionary is
	3.The Church has been sent by
	4 Prepares us to receive the Good News
	5is missionary by nature and hence all members of
	the Church are

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### CHAPTER 2 — EVANGELISATION: THE BASIC DUTY OF THE CHURCH

1.	Do you agree with the statement that the Church was formed as a result of proclamation of the Word of God? Give reasons.
2.	Church was formed in India by the proclamation of the Gospel by
3.	The Church which was formed by the proclamation of the Gospel is the evangeliser also. How does the Church fulfil this mission?
4.	What are the specific features of the Kingdom of God?

5.	What is the relationship between the proclamation of the Gospel and witness?
6.	What are the goals of evangelisation?
7.	Summary of the Lesson:
	1. The Church has been formed byand the basic mission of the Church is
	2. The topic of preaching is
	3.The Church has been formed in different parts of the world by
	of the Apostles.
	4.The main mission of the Church isand this is fulfilled by
	preaching to and to
	5. The important means of evangelisation is through Christian life.
	6. <u>Proclaiming theby living a model Christian life is more effective than preaching.</u>

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<u>C</u>	CHAPTER 3 — THE MISSIONARY SPIRIT OF THE EARLY CHURCH
1. \	Why do we say that the Church is the way of salvation?
2.	The early Church is the community that listened to the Gospel and lived the Gospel. Illustrate.
3.	How did the early Church grow in communion experience?

4.	Explain the statement that the service of the breaking of the bread was the power centre of the early Church.
5.	The early Church was a community rooted in prayer, Illustrate.
6	Summary of the Lesson:
•	1. The early Church had keen interest in listening to the
	The early Church developed oneness and they
	everything with one another.
	3.The power centre of that community was
	4.The prayer life was a specific characteristic of the early Church and they prayed at hour,hour, andhour of the day.
	5 gave the apostles strength when they were persecuted and
	suffered for faith.

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### CHAPTER 4 — HEROIC WITNESSES OF FAITH

1.	Prepare a write-up on the Martyrdom of the apostles.
,	What are the reasons for the early church persecutions?
۷.	what are the reasons for the early church persecutions:
3.	Name the martyrs who sacrificed their lives for faith during the time of Roman emperors

4.	Prepare a short write-up on later martyrs.
5.	Why do we say that religious persecution did not weaken but strengthen the Church?
6.	Summary of the Lesson:
	<ol> <li>The persecution of Christians on account of their faith started from the time of King</li></ol>
	7. Two Christian martyrs from India arethe Church rather than weaken it

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	CHAPTER 5 — DEFENDERS OF TRUE FAITH
1.	What is the difference between schism and heresy?
2.	Write a note on Apostolic Fathers.
3.	Who are the Fathers of the Church? What is their role in defending faith?

4.	Write a short note on St. Ephrem.
5.	Prepare a brief description of St. Augustine.
6.	Summary of the Lesson:
	1. The sources of true faith are theand theand the
	2. Thehas the authority and right for interpreting and teaching the same.
	3are those who wrote and worked for defending faith
	against accusations and threats that came up against Christianity in the
	<ol> <li>The saints who lived in the first seven centuries and gave authentic teachings to the Church are known as</li> </ol>

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#### Chapter 6 - Persons Who Lived According to the Word of God

of God?

4.	What is the influence of the word of God in religious life?
5.	How does the word of God influence charitable work?
6.	Summary of the Lesson:  1is the person who received the Word of God and lived in its fullness.  2. The

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#### <u>Chapter 7 - Means for Missionary Activities</u>

1. What are the four means of apostolate?

2.	Write a short note on 'apostolate of prayer'
3.	Illustrate that St. Alphonsa was a missionary of suffering.

4.	How did Mother Theresa become an apostolate of service?
5.	How did St. Chavara proclaim the word of God?
6.	Summary of the Lesson:  1. The objective of all apostolic missions of the church is to establish the
	to the ends of the earth.
	2. The church carries out its apostolic mission through
	and
	3. St. Theresa and St. Euphrasia are known as the Apostles of
	4. St. Chavara Elias and Bl. Thevarparambil Kunjachan are the Apostles of
	5. St. Mother Theresa is the Apostle of
	6. St. Alphonsa and Bl. Mariam Thresia are the Apostles of
	<u></u>

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#### **Chapter 8 - Church and Charitable Works**

1.	What is a charitable deed ?
2.	Write the names of five important documents of the Church on Social justice and charitable deeds.
3.	What is the foundation of charitable deeds in the Church?

4.	How can we put into practice the teachings of St. Basil and St. Chrisostom in our approach to the poor ?
5.	What are the areas of our charitable deeds?
6.	Summary of the Lesson:
	1 is the model of all charitable activities of the church
	2. It is that has been energised through that is manifested in such charitable activities.
	3. Some of the charitable activities of the church is to help the
	, and those who are
	<u></u>
	4. We can participate in the charitable activities of our church with
	by visiting orphanages and such other institutions

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#### <u>Chapter 9 - New Orientation of the Apostolic Activities</u>

1.	How does the church act as the continuation of Jesus and his ambassador?
2.	Why do we say that Church is the conscience of the World?
3.	What is the vision of the Church about educational apostolate?

4.	Describe the service of the Church in the field of Mass Media.
5.	Describe the contributions of the Church in the fields of politics, art and culture.
6.	Summary of the Lesson:
	<ol> <li>Theis continuation of Jesus and messenger of His Mission.</li> <li>The church works for the integral development of</li> </ol>
	3. The is the conscience of the modern age.
	4. In this direction the Church gives special emphasis on
	etc.

### <u>Chapter 10 - Syro - Malabar Church and</u> <u>Apostolic Missionary Activities</u>

1.	Describe the missionary richness of Syro-Malabar Church.
2.	Does an individual Church require mission diocese? Explain the reasons.
3.	Which are the mission dioceses of Syro-Malabar Church?

4.	What are the main missionary activities of the Church? Explain.
5.	What is the importance of local liturgical communities?
6.	Summary of the Lesson:
	1. The Apostle preached the Gospel in Kerala.
	2. The Christian Church formed by his preaching grew in strength under
	the name
	3. The Mar Thoma Nazranies were missionaries by way of their life rooted in
	4. The Syro-Malabar Hierarchy was established by Pope
	5. The Syro-Malabar Hierarchy was established on

### Chapter 11 - Mission Through Family Life

1.	Why do we say that parents are the primary and main teachers of children?
2.	How does family become a platform for evangelisation?
3.	Write a note on: 'Family – the school of Faith formation'.

4.	Family is the platform of experiencing the Word of God. Explain.
5	What are the missionary fields of family?
J.	what are the missionary fields of family:
6.	Summary of the Lesson:  1. Family is an institution established by
	2. Family should be transformed into a temple of God by means of mutual
	of all members and also bytogether.
	3. It is the duty of the to preach the Gospel and proclaim faith to the children for the first time.
	4. The important means of missionary activities of the family are:
	alife based on love.
	b. Christian formation of
	c. <u>Participation in</u> and prayer. d witness.
	e Acts etc.

#### Chapter 12 - Apostolate through Priestly Life

1.	All priests are participating in the priesthood of Jesus. Do you agree with this statement? Why?
2.	What is the place of priesthood in the Church?
3.	Write a note on the teaching service of a priest.

4.	What are the tasks of a priest as pastor and the one who offers the sacrifice?
5.	What are the different dimensions of priestly service?
6.	Summary of the Lesson:
	<ol> <li>The greatest missionary activity of priestly life is to sacrifice</li> <li>iust as Jesus did.</li> </ol>
	2. It is to the that Jesus has given the fullness
	<ul><li>of priesthood through the apostles.</li><li>3. The most important mission of ministerial priesthood is</li></ul>
	4. Priests continue their sanctification ministry through the administration of
	and by proclamation of the
	4. Priests are shepherds leading others to

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#### Chapter 13 - Mission Through Religious Life

1.	Who are the religious? What is their place in the Church?
2	Write a note on 'Religious life and vows'.
۷.	write a note on Kenglous life and vows .
3.	What is the role of the religious in a Parish?

4.	What is the role of the religious in family apostolate?
5.	Describe the social services of the religious.
6.	Summary of the Lesson:
	1. Religious are those who are called to respond to God through a complete and fruitful life in
	2. Religious life in Christianity had taken root in
	century.
	Religious life started in India in the year with the institution of the religious congregation known as
	4. Amalolbhava Das Sangham is today known as
	4. The religious live the three years of
	4. The religious live the three vows ofand
	<del></del>

### Chapter 14 - Be Saints, Be Missionaries

1. Why do we say that the church is holy and she is called to be holy?

2.	Write a note on 'God, the source of holiness'.
3.	Explain that love is the measuring rod of holiness.

4.	Illustrate that the Church makes us grow in holiness.
5.	How do we practice holiness in daily life?
6.	•
	1. We have been called to become saints when we have received
	2. God is Holy, we who have been chosen as the of
	God, are also called to holiness.
	3. All should grow in holiness which is the fullness of loving and
	<u></u>
	4. The greatest quality of God's holiness is His
	5. The first means of attaining holiness is to be with
	<ol> <li>The measuring rod of one's holiness is that conquers evil with good.</li> </ol>
	7. We attain holiness in daily life by obeying the of God.

# Chapter 15 - Let us Join Hands of Building up a New Creation

1.	Write a note on 'The Role of Christians in the Creation of a New Age'.
2.	What does II Vatican Council teach about the training to be given to the
	coming generations?
3.	Which are the associations that help in the training of children? How will you participate in their activities?

4.	Explain the role of K.C.Y.M. in the formation of the youth.
5.	What is the role of family units in bringing the Parish to the spirit of the Early Christian Community?
6.	Summary of the Lesson:  1. Christians have a duty to give the prince of peace, to the world where there is no peace.
	<ol> <li>Church associations organize activities that give training to members from childhood in witnessing to the world.</li> <li>The aim of all the associations and family units is to nourish the</li> </ol>
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